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### Amendments to the Claims:

Please amend claims 1-2 and 4 and cancel claims 3, 5, 7-8, 11, and 13-14:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for fabricating a highly porous ceramic which has a high porosity of not less than 60% and a pore density of not less than 109 pores/cm³ from expandable microspheres and a preceramic polymer, comprising the steps of:

homogeneously mixing a preceramic polymer powder <u>in an</u> amount of 20% by weight or more, based on the total weight of the starting materials, expandable hollow microspheres <u>in an</u> amount of 20% by weight or more, based on the total weight of the starting materials and a ceramic powder <u>in an amount of 50%</u> by weight or less, based on the total weight of the starting materials, and molding the mixture to form a molded body;

heating the molded body to expand it the molded body and the expandable hollow microspheres at a temperature of 110~200°C, the temperature range between the softening point and melting point of the preceramic polymer;

curing the expanded molded body; and pyrolyzing the cured molded body.

2. (Currently Amended) The method for fabricating a highly porous ceramic from expandable microspheres and a preceramic polymer according to claim 1, wherein the ceramic powder is at least one material selected from the group consisting of  $Al_2O_3$ ,  $ZrO_2$ , MgO,  $SiC_7$  TiC,  $Si_3N_4$ , AlN, TiN, MoSi<sub>2</sub>, WC and mixtures thereof.

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# 3. (Canceled)

4. (Currently Amended)) A method for fabricating a highly porous ceramic which has a high porosity of not less than 60% and a pore density of not less than 109 pores/cm<sup>3</sup> from expandable microspheres and a preceramic polymer, comprising the steps of:

homogeneously mixing a preceramic polymer powder in an amount of 20% by weight or more, based on the total weight of the starting materials and expandable hollow microspheres in an amount of 20% or more, based on the total weight of the starting materials, and molding the mixture to form a molded body;

heating the molded body to expand it the molded body and the expandable hollow microspheres at a temperature of 110~200°C, the temperature range between the softening point and melting point of the preceramic polymer;

curing the expanded molded body; and pyrolyzing the cured molded body.

### 5. (Canceled)

6. (Previously Presented) The method for fabricating a highly porous ceramic from expandable microspheres and a preceramic polymer according to claim 1, wherein the preceramic polymer is at least one polymer selected from the group consisting of polycarbosilane, polysiloxane, polysiloxane and mixtures thereof.

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- 7. (Canceled)
- 8. (Canceled)
- 9. (Previously Presented) The method for fabricating a highly porous ceramic from expandable microspheres and a preceramic polymer according to claim 1, wherein upon heating the expandable hollow microspheres to  $110\sim200\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  at atmospheric pressure, the shell is softened and the inner medium is expanded to form spherical hollow spheres having an average diameter of  $10-200~\mu\text{m}$ .
- 10. (Withdrawn) A highly porous ceramic fabricated from expandable microspheres and a preceramic polymer, in accordance with the method according to claim 1 wherein the highly porous ceramic has a high porosity of not less than 60% and a pore density of not less than 108 pores/cm<sup>3</sup>.

#### 11. (Canceled)

12. (Previously Presented) The method for fabricating a highly porous ceramic from expandable microspheres and a preceramic polymer according to claim 4, wherein the preceramic polymer is at least one polymer selected from the group consisting of polycarbosilane, polysiloxane, polysiloxane and mixtures thereof.

#### 13. (Canceled)

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# 14. (Canceled)

- 15. (Previously Presented) The method for fabricating a highly porous ceramic from expandable microspheres and a preceramic polymer according to claim 4, wherein upon heating the expandable hollow microspheres to  $110{\sim}200\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  at atmospheric pressure, the shell is softened and the inner medium is expanded to form spherical hollow spheres having an average diameter of  $10{-}200\,\mu\text{m}$ .
- 16. (Withdrawn) A highly porous ceramic fabricated from expandable microspheres and a preceramic polymer, in accordance with the method according to claim 4 wherein the highly porous ceramic has a high porosity of not less than 60% and a pore density of not less than 10<sup>8</sup> pores/cm<sup>3</sup>.